### MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

#### HAYSTACK OBSERVATORY

#### WESTFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01886

21 June 1985

Area Code 617

To:

VLBA Data Acquisition and Recorder Groups

From:

Alan E.E. Rogers

Subject:

Minutes of VLBA Data Acquisition Group Telecon held

19 June 1985 at 1600 EDT.

Attendees:

- NRAO Jon Romney Larry D'Addario - NRAO Ken Kellermann - NRAO - NRAO Ray Escoffier Craig Walker - NRAO - NRAO D. Bagri - Caltech Marty Ewing - Haystack Alan Rogers Bill Petrachenko - Haystack Hans Hinteregger - Haystack John Webber - Haystack

The meeting started with some discussion of the review of the Acquisition Memo #42.

#### 1] Half-speed playback - positive option

John and Hans explained that the feasibility without the use of additional "low-speed" headstacks is not clear and it will be a few more months before we can carry out experiments. However John Webber agreed to prepare a cost estimate based upon certain assumptions for the method of implementation.

Alan Rogers continued with some responses to Larry's comments:

## 2] I.F. distributor phase change with gain.

Will try to be a good as 0.6 degree but this may be hard (Weinschel 3200 changes  $^{-70}/30$  dB). Since corrections could be applied in software the stability and repeatability is probably more important.

## 3] I.F. distributor noise figure.

We agree that the I.F. distributor and baseband converter should have a noise temperature less than 140,000K.

## 4] Baseband converter gain.

Yes - 30 dB range is needed in addition to 21 dB range for bandwidth compensation.

#### 5] L.O. settling.

While many synthesizers can change frequency fast ("millisec) there is often an additional few seconds of phase drift following a frequency change. We will try to do better than one second but need tests on prototype.

### 6] Baseband converter phase drift.

10 deg/C can definitely be achieved. We will try to meet a 1%/C or 0.6 deg/C spec.

# 7] Baseband response.

Yes, response specs should apply to filter plus converter electronics.

### 8] Formatter sampling epoch.

Will try to make formatter sampling epoch errors under 1 ns. We note that formatter sample errors are not so critical since they effect only the phase across each baseband channel and have little effect on the bandwidth synthesized or "multiband" delay.

## 9] DQA/Buffer.

We promise to provide more information on the interface to the recorder and monitor and control system.

The group then discussed the fanout/in modes. Jon Romney pointed out that some tape can be saved during spectral line experiments by implementing a fan-in. Haystack people question the significance of this saving but promised to ask Jim Levine to investigate the feasibility of fan-in mode as well as a 32 MHz sampling mode.

Craig Walker emphasized the need for being sure that the VLBA dynamic range is not limited by closure errors. Craig suggested a goal of <0.2 degrees. Alan Rogers promised to write a report on the feasibility of improved bandpass response and stability in the baseband converters.