

## Status of Feed work for the EVLA:

### L-Band 1-2 GHz

Type: Profile corrugated horn

Feed A - Max. Diameter =75.0": Length =192"

Feed B - Max. Diameter =85.0": Length =238"

Status: Design complete

Freq. (GHz)	Feed A				Feed B			
	Taper at 9 deg.(dB)	Eff.(%)	Tsys.	G/Tsys.	Taper at 9 deg.(dB)	Eff.(%)	Tsys	G/Tsys.
1.0	-7.1	48.5	34	0.25	-9.2	48.3	32	0.27
1.1	-8.4	52.8	31	0.31	-10.4	54.1	32	0.30
1.2	-10.0	50.3	30	0.29	-11.8	52.9	32	0.29
1.4	-10.8	56.9	31	0.33	-12.0	61.6	27	0.41
1.6	-10.7	61.0	28	0.39	-11.9	64.3	24	0.47
1.8	-10.2	61.7	25	0.44	-12.1	64.8	26	0.44
2.0	-11.1	64.3	25	0.46	-13.7	65.4	25	0.47
Average	-9.7				-11.6			

### S-Band 2-4 GHz.

Type: Profile Corrugated horn

Max. Dia =46.5"; Length =132"

Average Taper -12.8 dB

Status: Design complete

### C-Band 4-8 GHz

Type: Profile Corrugated horn

Max. Dia =23.2"; Length =66"

Average Taper -12.8 dB

Status: Scale of 2-4 GHz

### X-Band 8-12 GHz

Type: Linear Taper Corrugated horn

Max. Dia =19.5"; Length=48"

Average Taper -13.0 dB

Status: To be scaled from K-Band

**Ku-Band 12-18 GHz**

Type: Linear Taper Corrugated horn  
Max. Dia =13.0"; Length =32"  
Average Taper -13.0 dB  
Status: To be scaled from K-Band

**K-Band 18-26.5 GHz**

Type: Linear Taper Corrugated horn  
Max. Dia =8.8"; Length =24.1"  
Average Taper -13.0 dB  
Status: Completed

**Ka-Band 26-40 GHz**

Type: Linear Taper Corrugated horn  
Max. Dia =5.8"; Length =14.3"  
Average Taper -13.0 dB  
Status: To be scaled from K-Band

**Q-Band 40-52 GHz**

Type: Linear Taper Corrugated horn  
Max. Dia =3.75"; Length =8.25"  
Average Taper -13.0 dB  
Status: Completed

- Notes: 1. For the feeds where design is complete, details on the throat section needs to be worked out.
2. Where feeds are to be scaled for higher frequencies, if dimensions get too small to machine, a new design may be required.
  3. For L-Band, the bigger feed is used in the layout dwg.
  4. For X, Ku and Ka, the K-Band design is used. This resulted in smaller feeds than the designs used in the layout dwg.
  5. Ka-Band is wider in bandwidth compared to K-Band and may result in a slightly bigger feed than the one given above.

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