

VLBA ACQUISITION MEMO #180

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

HAYSTACK OBSERVATORY

WESTFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01886

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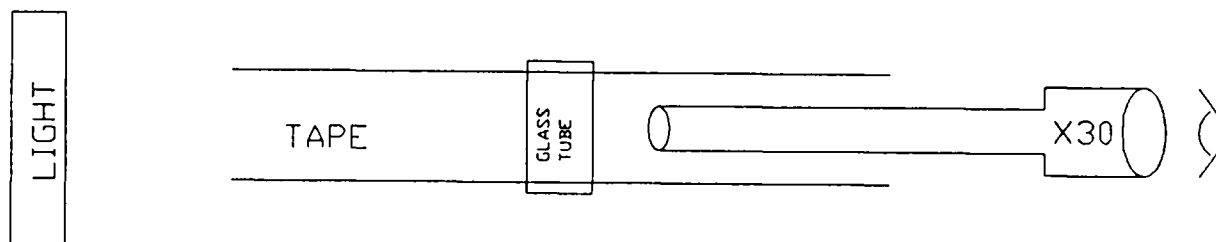
Area Code 508

692-4764


To: VLBA Data Acquisition Group
From: Alan E.E. Rogers
Subject: Simple optical interferometer for viewing tape surface roughness

While surface roughness can be estimated from the short wavelength response of the tape, an independent method is desirable especially to determine the scale size of roughness. A simple method is to observe optical fringes (using the $0.45 \mu\text{m}$ line in a fluorescent light) between the tape and a glass tube as illustrated in the figure. With Sony D1K, the entire contact line is within 1 fringe ($0.2 \mu\text{m}$ p-p) while with 3M5358, the contact line transverses 2 fringes in places. The optical fringes are very clear when viewed by eye - but I was unable to obtain good polaroids owing to the lack of a good camera adaptor and poor illumination. There is evidence (especially in the 3M5358) of a rather large scale (>50 microns) to some of the flatness variations. These large scale variations are more easily smoothed out by tape tension in thin tapes which suggests that thinner tape (the bending stiffness is proportional to thickness cubed) may, in general, have a superior short wavelength output.

VIEW FROM ABOVE

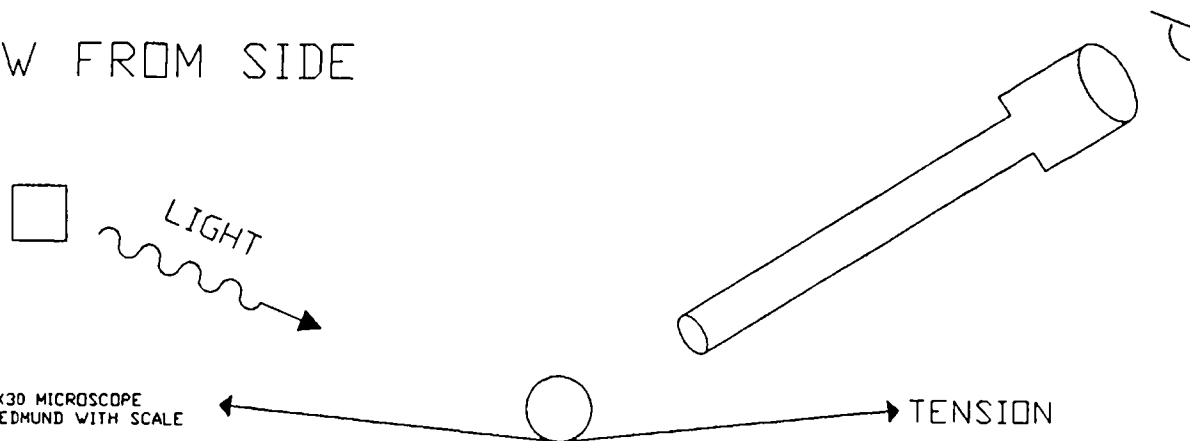


VIEW FROM SIDE



OBSERVED
FRINGES

DUE TO MULTIPLE
REFLECTIONS BETWEEN
TAPE SURFACE AND
GLASS TUBE

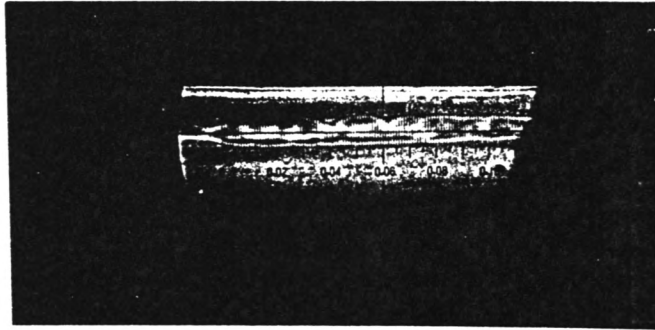


NOTES: 1) X30 MICROSCOPE
EDMUND WITH SCALE

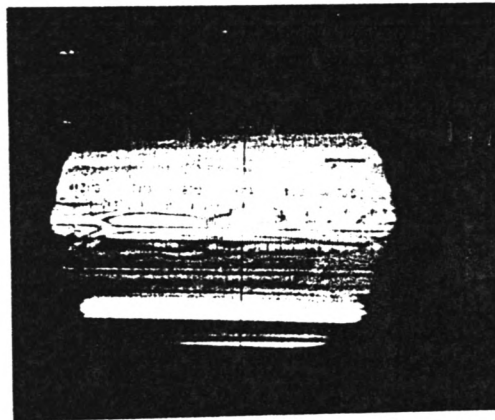
2) FRINGE SPACING = 0.225 MICRON

FILE:OPTICAL.DWG

FIG. OPTICAL INTERFEROMETER TO MEASURE
TAPE ROUGHNESS



Sony DIK



3M 5358

Scale is approx. 70 mils/inch